From IPv4 to IPv6...

How far have we come? How far to go?

Paul Wilson NRO/APNIC



NRO **Overview**

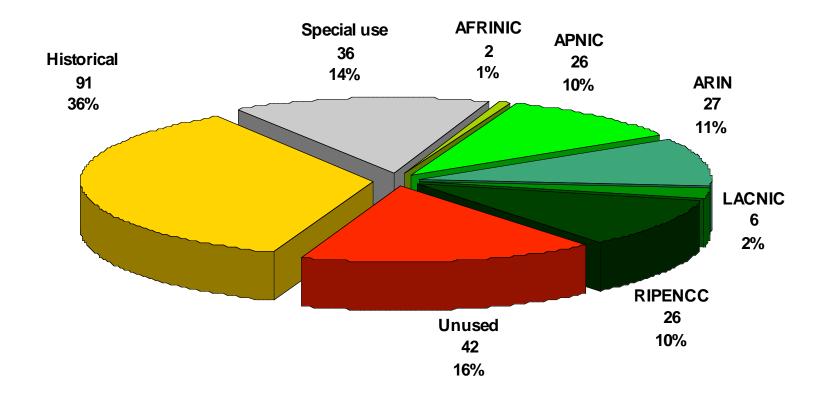
- Why IPv6?
- How much IPv4 is left?
- How much IPv6 is being used?
- Do we have a problem?
- What next?



- Just one reason: More addresses
 - Billions... Trillions... Gazillions...?
 - Suffice to say, "Enough for a long time"
- Benefits of ample address supply...
 - Simpler, faster, cheaper network
 - No more NAT: "Restore Internet transparency"
 - Better for everyone
- Other benefits of IPv6...
 - Security, QoS, autoconfiguration, mobility, etc?
 - All are "built-in" to IPv6
 - But they are not new: all available in IPv4

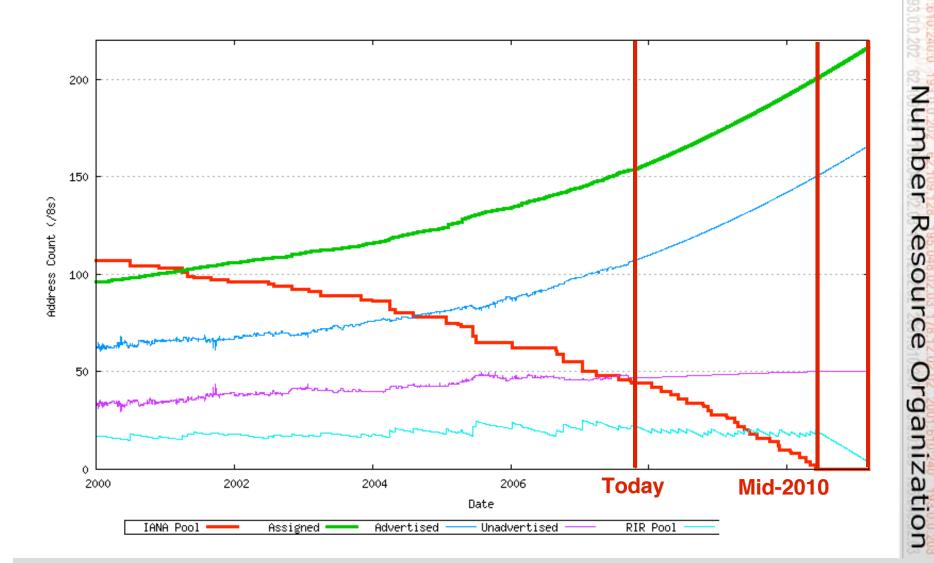


NRO How much IPv4 is left?



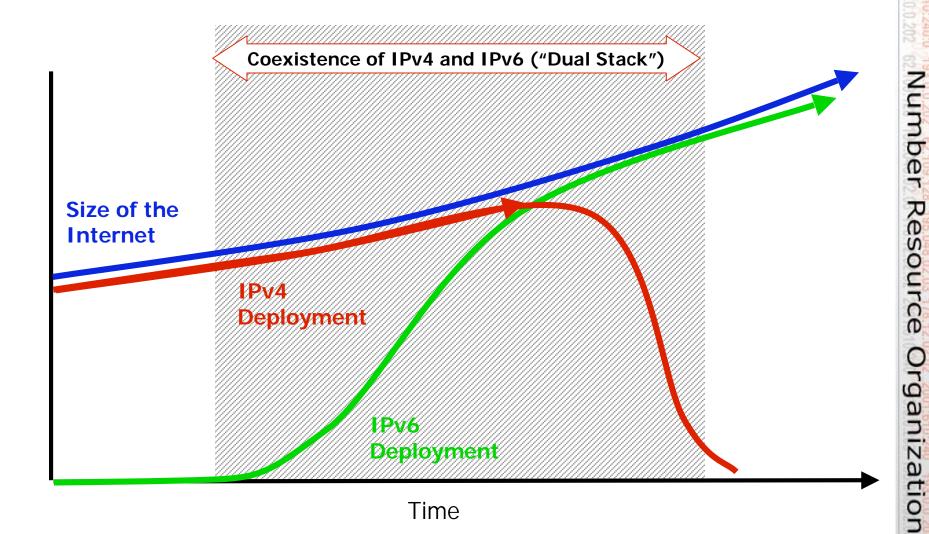


NRO How much IPv4 is left?



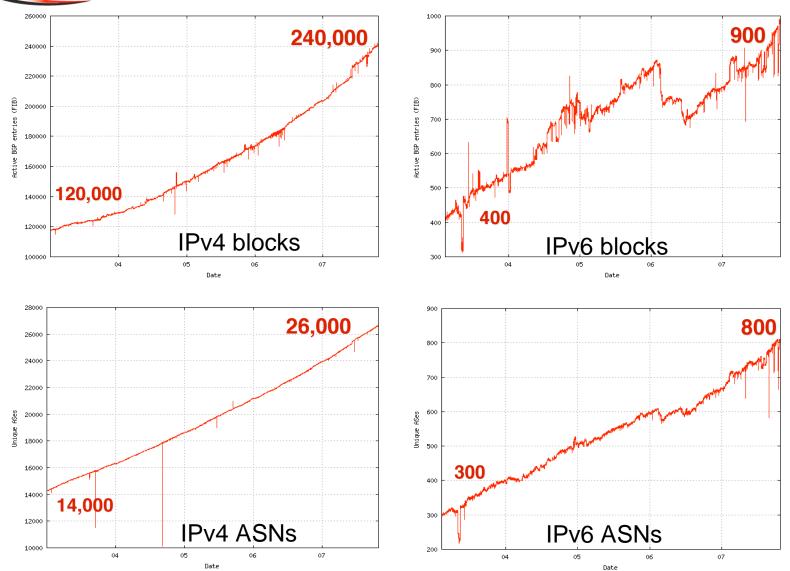


NRO The Transition Plan...





How much IPv6 so far?



^{*} Routing table statistics since 2003, from: http://www.potaroo.net

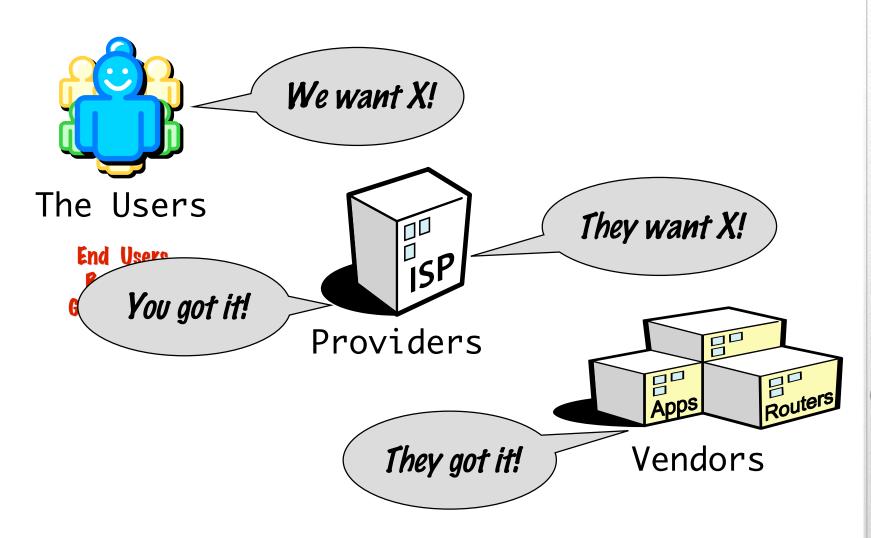


NRO Why not IPv6? (so far)

- Internet is now engineered for IPv4+NAT
 - Many vendors and (de facto) standards
 - Applications written for NAT
 - Services built around NAT
- Who bears the cost of NAT?
 - End users pay for their "home gateways/routers"
 - Application and service developers do the hard work
 - ISP costs are externalised
 - And there is no business case to change this
- It all seems to work
 - And nobody is demanding anything different...



A question of demand...



Number Resource Organization



NRO What if it takes longer?

- IPv4 will live on
 - No effect on existing infrastructure
 - New infrastructure requires addresses
- IPv4 address management
 - Recovery of unused address space
 - Incentives for higher efficiency of utilisation
 - Transfers under approved policy framework
- NAT will live on
 - With all its limitations and costs
- A question of costs...
 - Cost of IPv4 vs cost of IPv6 deployment
 - Business will tend to decide

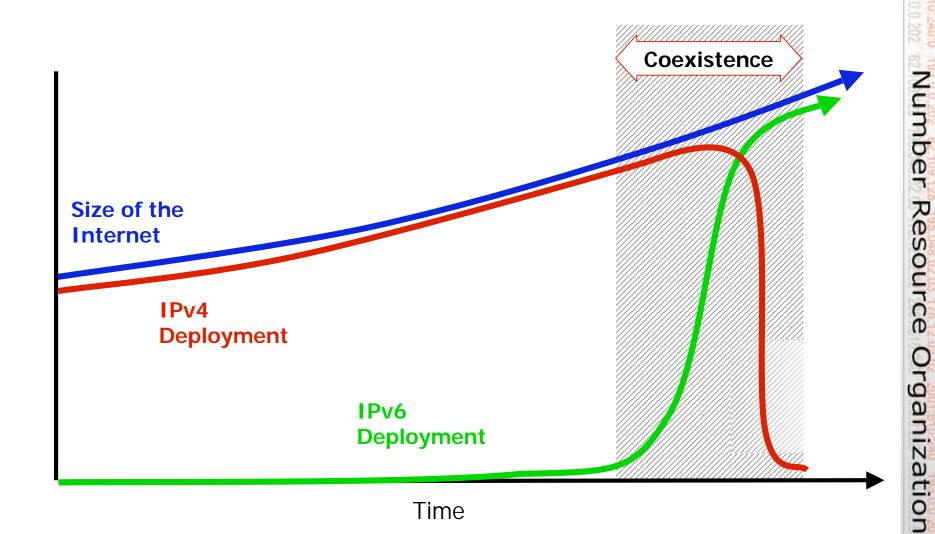


NRO The Blame Game...

- Industry "Market failure"?
 - Markets are oblivious to long-term risks when short term priorities override
- IETF "Technical community failure"?
 - Standards are mostly well developed
 - But they need "running code"
- Governments "Countries have failed"?
 - Individual countries can and do influence their own industries and populace



The new plan...





NRO In conclusion...

- No one has "failed"
 - IPv6 deployment is happening
- All players need to work and act together
 - Technical standards, implementation by vendors, deployment by operators, use by users
- There is no "flag date" for transition
 - All stakeholders are free to make decisions and demands in accord with their own interests
 - As elements are in place transition will progress
- Best advice: sooner rather than later
 - Start the planning process now

From IPv4 to IPv6... NRO perspectives

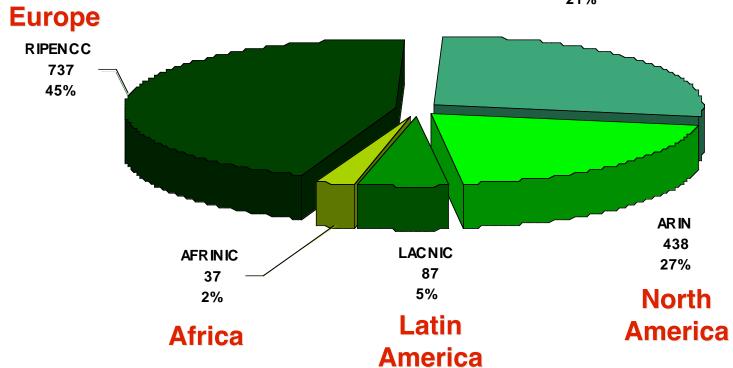
Paul Wilson APNIC



IPv6 – Global allocations by RIR







Unit: IPv6 prefix

Number Resource Organization



NRO IPv4 - RIR activities

- Research and publication
 - Statistics and other reporting
 - Outreach and educational activities
 - Information will support informed outcomes
- IPv4 management policies
 - Policy discussions, panels, roundtables
 - Informed debates
 - Global policies regarding IANA allocations
 - Regional open policy processes
- Voluntary restraint
 - RIR agreement on IANA allocation process



NRO IPv6 - RIR activities

- Promotion, Training and education
 - Support for events including IPv6 Summits
 - Special sessions during policy meetings
 - Workshops, eLearning and online information
 - Case-studies, factsheets, operator experiences
- IPv6 management policies
 - Well established since 1999
 - Regular review Open policy processes
- No barriers
 - Streamlined application processes
 - Fees waived or cross-subsidised



NRO RIR Statements

- AfriNIC board: "resolves that efforts [supporting] IPv6 be intensified, and instructs the staff to take appropriate action"
- APNIC community: "focus our efforts towards comprehensive deployment of IPv6 in the Asia Pacific region."
- ARIN board: "advises the Internet community that migration to IPv6 numbering resources is necessary"
- LACNIC CEO: "recommend preparing regional networks as soon as possible for using IPv6"
- RIPE-NCC community: "recognise that the widespread deployment of IPv6 will be essential to sustain future growth of the Internet."

Thanks

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