

# IPv6 at Verizon Wireless

#### **APNIC 34**



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- Largest mobile carrier in US with >94 M subscribers
- Operate LTE and CDMA networks
- Legacy VZW RAN (1x and HRPD) only supports IPv4
  - Originally globally routable IPv4 addresses were assigned to UE, but starting in late 2010 NAT IPv4
- Launched LTE in 4Q 2010
- One of the largest IPv6 networks in existence
- Possibly the highest IPv6 penetration of any mobile carrier the world

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## Drivers behind move to IPv6

- VZW recognized that IPv6 was a necessity not something "optional"
  - Built the network regardless of IPv6 enabled content
- IPv4 address exhaustion
  - Issue exasperated by modern "always-on" smartphones
  - Workaround : CGN
- IPv4 NAT problematic in certain situations
  - Certain apps / protocols have issues working with NAT
  - Prolongs the move to IPv6
  - IP based auth does not work



#### Drivers behind move to IPv6

- IPv6 allows us to provide globally routable addresses again
  - No more NAT
  - Higher quality connection
- IPv6 allows VZW to support accelerated growth of mobile





#### LTE and IPv6

- VZW made a conscious decision to support IPv6 as part of LTE deployment, in fact, we require it
  - Good time to do it as we were starting out fresh
  - Leverage eHRPD to provide transition between old and new RAN while adding support for IPv6 on 3G side
- LTE core addressed using IPv6
- Dual stack support on LTE UE's
   For all APN's (IMS, Internet, etc)





### LTE and IPv6

- IMS APN
  - IPv6 only
    - UE request v4v6 PDN\_TYPE as part of PDN connection req
    - Network assigns IPv6 only for default and dedicated bearers
  - SMS over IMS
  - VoLTE (future)
- Internet, Admin, App APN's
  - Dual stacked
  - Globally routable IPv6 address (/64 prefix)
  - NATed IPv4
  - IPv6 preferred over IPv4



#### World IPv6 Day - June 2011



- World IPv6 Day (2011) was first true test of VZW IPv6 network
- Google white lists VZW DNS resolvers and leaves them white listed
- Latent issues start to be uncovered as a result of Google services / apps running over IPv6
  - Peering issues
  - Network issues
  - Device issues



- IPv6 related issues had low customer impact because very little content stayed dual stacked after W6D
- VZW requests Google to take VZW DNS resolvers off the white list while working on issues
- Start of 8 months of hard work from VZW, network vendors and device vendors to fix IPv6 related issues before W6L
- Updates to test methodology for IPv6 related device testing
- Updates to issue detection and resolution (Network and Device)



- Google's "de-whitelisting" of VZW masks v6 issues
- Leaves VZW with a chicken and egg situation
  - We realized there may be additional latent issues but we cant effectively weed them out without IPv6 / dual stacked content
  - Lack of content makes it very difficult to find and fix issues
  - NOTE : this is no longer an issue post W6L
- VZW Innovation Center lab pointed to Google DNS resolvers so Google dual stacked services can be tested in lab environment
  - Additional device side bugs uncovered and fixed
  - Some very esoteric bugs uncovered during handover testing

#### IPv6 to IPv4 Fallback Performance



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#### World IPv6 Launch



• VZW met criteria to join W6L right from beginning

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- Decision to join / not join was made after ensuring that any known issues would be resolved before W6L
- Network expansions caused some minor hiccups few weeks before W6L, but these were quickly resolved



#### World IPv6 Launch

- Continuous feed of stats on IPv6 provided by key content providers with dual stacked content
- Built robust network-based mechanisms to track and pinpoint IPv6 failures
- Pushed out software updates to multiple devices models to fix IPv6 related issues
- Training and education
- Established daily calls for months before W6L
- War Room setup to support Launch



- Very successful launch, no issues found
- 50% growth in IPv6 traffic in a little over 2 months
  - 7.36% IPv6 traffic (per W6L stats on June 8th); 10.64% IPv6 traffic (per W6L stats on Aug 8th)
  - 10.7% of all measurements for VZW over IPv6 (Google stat from June);
    16.6% of all measurements for VZW is over IPv6 (Google stat from Aug)
- 38% of all IPv6 traffic per Akamai measurements are from VZW (more than double of the second highest network)
- VZW continues to see a steady growth of IPv6 as LTE device penetration and IPv6 enabled content increases



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Source : Google Inc







Source : Akamai Blog (https://blogs.akamai.com/Akamai\_IPv6\_Infographic\_V3.jpg)



### Conclusions

- Don't delay
- Don't be half-hearted
  - Make sure IPv6 is supported consistently where network seamlessness is available
  - Make the commitment and stick to it regardless of challenges
- Can be done and done well
  - VZW has already done much of the hard work. Network equipment and device OEM's have learned a lot from IPv6 deployment at VZW
  - Lack of content provider support is no longer the case and/or valid excuse for an operator or device / network infrastructure vendor





- Ensure proper testing on both device and network side
- Ensure there is enough awareness and training from the highest levels to lowest levels of org