IP addressing policies: what does this mean?

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Overview

- APNIC in the Internet ecosystem
- Policy development
- IPv4
- IPv6
- Public policy responses







Asia Pacific Network Information Centre

- APNIC established 1993 (20 years anniversary)
- Not-for-profit membership organization
- Primary function the management of Internet Numbers
 - Internet Protocol version 4 address numbers (IPv4)
 - Internet Protocol version 6 address numbers (IPv6)
 - Autonomous System Numbers (ASNs)





APNIC's Vision

A global, open, stable, and secure Internet that serves the entire Asia Pacific community.

- How we achieve this:
 - Serving Members
 - Supporting the Asia Pacific Region
 - Collaborating with the Internet community





APNIC's Mission

- Function as the Regional Internet Registry for the Asia Pacific, in the service of the community of Members and others
- Provide Internet registry services to the highest possible standards of trust, neutrality, and accuracy
- Provide information, training, and supporting services to assist the community in building and managing the Internet
- Support critical Internet infrastructure to assist in creating and maintaining a robust Internet environment
- Provide leadership and advocacy in support of its vision and the community
- Facilitate regional Internet development as needed throughout the APNIC community





All the RIRs







APNIC and the NRO

- Coordinating body for the five RIRs
- NRO exists to:
 - Protect the unallocated Number Resource pool
 - Promote and protect the bottom-up policy development process
 - Act as a focal point for Internet community input into the RIR system
- Joint activities

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- Resource certification
- Global statistics and report publication
- Internet governance
- Global policy development

Five RIRs

- AFRINIC
- APNIC
- •/ ARIN
- LACNIC
- RIPE NCC



APNIC sub-regions



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The APNIC service region includes 56 economies across the Asia Pacific





Policy development is a cycle



Policy development

- APNIC Policy Development Process
 - www.apnic.net/policy/policy-development
- SIG Guidelines
 - www.apnic.net/sigs/sig-guidelines.pdf
- Mailing list archive
 - mailman.apnic.net/mailing-lists/sig-policy
- Mailing list subscription
 - mailman.apnic.net/mailman/listinfo/sig-policy
- Mail to list
 - sig-policy@apnic.net

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Policy SIG Charter: **Develop policies and** procedures which relate to the management and use of Internet address resources by APNIC, NIRs and ISPs within the Asia Pacific region



Multistakeholder policy development

- Open
 - Anyone can propose, discuss, and help decide policy
- Transparent
 - APNIC publicly documents all policy discussions and decisions
- Bottom up
 - Policy Development Process (PDP) and the policies are determined by the community they serve





Resource management goals

- Conservation
 - Efficient use of resources
 - Based on demonstrated need
- Aggregation
 - Limit routing table growth
 - Support provider-based routing
- Registration
 - Ensure uniqueness
 - Facilitate trouble shooting





The current state of IPv4 address pools





IPv4 address space

What is the status of each of the 256 /8s?

STATUS OF 256 /8s IPv4 ADDRESS SPACE







IPv4 address space issued (RIRs to customers)

In terms of /8s, how much total space has each RIR issued? (Jan 1999 – Jun 2013)







Available IPv4 /8s in each RIR







In preparation for exhaustion...

Soft landing

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- Liquidity and supply
- Transition support

What measures did the APNIC policy community take to prepare for IPv4 exhaustion and the deployment of IPv6?



Soft landing austerity measures

- Restrictions on access to the free pool
- Enabled assignments from the final /8
- Reduced the minimum delegation size for the final /8 policy





Available IPv4 /8s in each RIR







IPv4 last /8 delegation trend



No of IPv4 addresses

Membership growth



Year

As at 30 April 2013

APNIC address transfer services

- Pre-approval service, with opt-in anonymous listing
- Broker listing service
- Mailing list for discussion and sourcing
- Public transfer log (transparency)
- Transfer fees apply (user pays)





IPv4 Market Transfer Size

APN



Month

As at 30 April 2013

IPv4 Market Transfers

Number of transfers

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APN



Month

As at 30 April 2013

25

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Transition support

- Policy responses
 - IPv6 Kickstart
 - Remove aggregation criteria
 - Remove multihoming requirement
 - Alternative criteria for allocations
- Training
- Outreach

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Policy changes encourage IPv6 delegations, while training and outreach build awareness and capacity

IPv6 delegations by year

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Cumulative IPv6 delegations (/32s)



Percentage of Members with both IPv4 and IPv6 in each RIR







IPv6 address space

How much has been allocated to the RIRs?







IPv6 end-user capability







APNIC Labs: IPv6 measurement

- Comprehensive reports on IPv6 uptake
 - Global, economy, and network levels
- IPv6 Capability Tracker
 - Free tool for website operators to measure client IPv6 capabilities
- Measuring IPv6
 - IPv6 readiness data for intergovernmental organizations and economies
- http://labs.apnic.net





Barriers to IPv6 transition

- Soft landing reduces immediate need
- More urgent operational issues
- Lack of:
 - Financial benefit compared to cost
 - Demand
 - First mover advantage
- To be effective it needs to be deployed everywhere
 - Regional and local transit providers
 - Access providers
 - Content providers





IPv6 needs to be deployed by

- Service providers
- Mobile network operators
- Content providers
- Data centers, hosting, and cloud providers
- Enterprise networks
- Hardware / software providers
- Government
- End users





APNIC IPv6 outreach and training

- APNIC Conference program
- APNIC supports NOG activities
- Work with NIRs to reach their community
- Inter-governmental outreach
- www.apnic.net/ipv6





APNIC training activities

- Continuing focus on IPv6 deployment
 - 30 courses per year
 - 500 participants per year
- eLearning
 - Every Wednesday in three time zones
 - 24 modules (1-hour duration per module)
- Face-to-Face
 - Extensive hand-on exercises
 - Physical and Virtual Training Labs
- training.apnic.net





The Role of Governments?

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Potential public policy responses

- Implementation:
 - Government services should support IPv6
- Procurement:
 - Contract should require IPv6 compliance
- Standards:
 - Requirements should reference specific standards (RFCs)
- Certification:
 - Certification recognizing specific products as "IPv6 ready"





Potential public policy responses

- Incentives:
 - Consider tax relief
- Capacity building:
 - IPv6 training and related services
- Leadership:
 - Promote IPv6 activities
- Monitoring:
 - Monitor progress towards IPv6 goals





Meetings

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APNIC Conferences

- APNIC 36: Xi-an, China
 - 20 to 30 August 2013
 - conference.apnic.net/36/home



- APNIC 37: Bangkok, Thailand
 - 18 to 28 February 2014
 - In conjunction with APRICOT 2014
 - <u>www.apricot2014.net</u>

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8th annual Internet Governance Forum 22-25 October 2013 - Bali, Indonesia

- APNIC strong supporter
 - Only global, multistakeholder venue for Internet Governance
 - NRO doubled its financial contribution in 2013
 - Paul Wilson on the IGF's Multistakeholder Advisory Group (MAG)
- Organizers
 - Government-led multistakeholder group
 - Strongly supported by industry (APJII)
- Theme
 - Building Bridges Enhancing Multistakeholder Cooperation for Growth and Sustainable Development
 - Six sub-themes
- Local IGFs, Australia, India, NetHui
- APrIGF 4-6 September 2013 Seoul RoK
 - www.aprigf.asia





Questions?

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